

Analisa kuantitatif dan kualitatif DRM rawat inap penyakit TBC paru periode triwulan 1 di RSUD UNGARAN SEMARANG TAHUN 2015

AISAH PAHLEVI

Program Studi Rekam Medis&Info. Kesehatan - D3, Fakultas Kesehatan, Universitas Dian Nuswantoro Semarang

URL : <http://dinus.ac.id/>

Email : 422201201236@mhs.dinus.ac.id

ABSTRAK

Di RSUD Ungaran masih sering ditemukan ketidaklengkapan pengisian dokumen rekam medis jumlah ketidaklengkapan didapatkan hasil analisa kuantitatif 84% tidak konsisten dan analisis kualitatif 84%. Tujuan penelitian ini adalah mengidentifikasi kelengkapan dokumen rekam medis secara kuantitatif dan kualitatif, menghitung angka kebandelan dokumen rekam medis rawat inap TBC Paru pada triwulan I di Ungaran.

Jenis penelitian ini menggunakan metode deskriptif dengan pendekatan crosssectional dan pengumpulan data dengan cara observasi, checklist, melakukan analisa terhadap dokumen rekam medis rawat inap pada pasien yang telah diisi. Sampel penelitian adalah 56 dokumen rekam medis rawat inap.

Hasil penelitian ketidaklengkapan secara analisa kuantitatif dan kualitatif pada setiap review menunjukkan review identifikasi 84%, review pelaporan 89%, review pencatatan 88%, review autentikasi 91%, secara kualitatif pada setiap review menunjukkan review kelengkapan dan kekonsistensian diagnose 52% tidak konsisten, review kekonsistensian pencatatan diagnose 45% tidak konsisten, review kekonsistensian pencatatan saat perawatan dan pengobatan 73% tidak konsisten, review cara/praktek pencatatan diagnosa 61% tidak konsisten serta perhitungan kebandelan dokumen rekam medis 84%.

Saran, perlu lebih teliti lagi agar pengisian terisi lengkap sehingga menghasilkan informasi yang akurat dan berkesinambungan.

Kata Kunci : Kata kunci : analisa kuantitatif, analisa kualitatif, dokumen rekam medis

**QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE ANALYSIS ON THE IN-PATIENT
MEDICAL RECORD DELINQUENT (DRM) OF TB LUNG DISEASE IN
THE FIRST QUARTER PERIOD AT THE UNGARAN REGIONAL
PUBLIC HOSPITAL(RSUD) IN SEMARANG 2015**

AISAH PAHLEVI

*Program Studi Rekam Medis&Info. Kesehatan - D3, Fakultas
Kesehatan, Universitas Dian Nuswantoro Semarang*

URL : <http://dinus.ac.id/>

Email : 422201201236@mhs.dinus.ac.id

ABSTRACT

In the Ungaran hospitals, there often found incomplete in filling the medical record document. Based on the quantitative analysis of the incompleteness, it showed that 84% document are inconsistent and the qualitative analysis showed the same result. The objectives of this study are to identify the medical record document completeness quantitatively and qualitatively, to count the number of delinquency medical record document of the inpatient medical record documents of TB lung in the first quarter in Ungaran.

This research uses descriptive method with cross sectional approach and the data was collected through observation, by using checklists, and by analyzing the documents of in-patient medical records of patients which have been filled out. The samples were 56 in-patient medical record documents.

Research findings on the incompleteness which is analyzed quantitatively and qualitatively on any review indicates that the identified review is 84%, reporting review is 89%, review the recording is 88%, authentication review is 91%. Qualitatively each review indicates the completeness and diagnosis consistency is 52% inconsistent. The detail are as follows review on diagnosis recording consistency is 45% inconsistent, review on the current recording consistency of care and treatment is 73% inconsistent, review on the method / practice of recording the diagnosis is 61% inconsistent with the calculation of medical records document delinquency is 84%.

It is suggested that the officers in charge for the medical record document must be more carefully in completing the form so as to produce an accurate and continuous information.

Keyword : Keywords: quantitative analysis, qualitative analysis, document medical records inpatient TB Lung