



**IDEOLOGIES ON DOLLY CLOSURE BY THE GOVERNMENT AS
REPORTED IN THE JAKARTA POST AND TEMPO NEWSPAPERS: A
CRITICAL DISCOURSE ANALYSIS**

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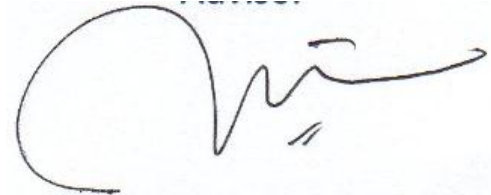
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Advisor,

A handwritten signature in black ink, consisting of a large, rounded initial 'N' followed by a series of connected, fluid strokes that form the rest of the name.

Nina Setyaningsih, S.S, M. Hum.

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ABSTRACT

The thesis entitled “Ideologies on Dolly Closure by The Government as reported in The Jakarta Post and Tempo Newspapers: A Critical Discourse Analysis”. The objective study is to analyze the ideologies of two newspapers in Dolly case. The data were taken from online newspapers, The Jakarta Post and Tempo newspapers. The researcher used qualitative method where the result is about the description. The researcher analyzed this problem using CDA analysis by Thomas Huckin. To conduct this research, there were several steps which were done by the researcher, namely searching the headline on internet, downloading data, reading the newspapers, analyzing the data, analyzing the ideologies of both of the texts and finally drawing conclusions. From the analysis, the result shows that both of the newspapers agreed if Dolly was closed. On the other hand, Tempo newspaper gave the assumption based on the closed. The assumption is about the impact which will face by the government if Dolly completely closed like the spread of the girls into the streets and the spread of diseases like HIV and AIDS.

Keywords: *CDA, Dolly closure, Ideology, Newspapers, Thomas N.Huckin*

INTRODUCTION

Language is a tool for communication among people. The way they use language is to catch meaning between each other is different. People not only communicate with spoken language but also they use written language. According to Halliday (17:1985) Language has developed in response to three kinds of social-functional needs. The first is to be able to construe experience in terms of what is going on around us and inside us. The second is to interact with the social world by negotiating social roles and attitudes. The third and final need is to be able to create messages. We can package our meanings in terms of what is new or given and in terms of what the starting point for our message. The message is not always in spoken but it also in written language.

In written language, it usually uses mass media like newspaper to know about the newest headline in our environment. Actually newspapers that are included to discourse text have their own ideology. Ideology here means that every newspaper has its own style in making

a headline. Ideology is about the thought of the person who holds it. Every person has different way of think therefore journalists also have different thought in making headline. However it is not out from main topic which is discussed in newspaper. It means that they can make different headline writing although they discuss about the fact in the same topics. They can make different titles but with same meaning. To find out the ideology of a newspaper, CDA can be used. To find the ideology of a newspaper, it can be analyzed the headline by using CDA theories.

This researcher discussed about Dolly that is claimed as the biggest prostitution in Southeast Asia. According to The Jakarta Post newspaper, this place is located in “Jarak” area, in Pasar kembang Surabaya. Gang Dolly itself was established in the 19th century in the Dutch colonialism. However the story of Dolly ends in Wednesday, June 18 2014 by Surabaya mayor Tri Rismaharini, she said about the reasons why she closed Dolly. The first reason is because that place violated the regulation laws number 7, 1999 about restrictions on the activation of buildings as prostitution place. The second is because the Surabaya mayor wants her residents to earn money in the right way. The other reason is there are many children who live around Dolly area, so that they can get negative influence because of that prostitution place. Tri Rismaharini prepared the fund around 8 billion rupiahs to Dolly occupant which is 1.187 sex workers, 311 pimps, 400 residents and there are 300 brothels, so every worker will get 5 million rupiah as compensation for Dolly closure. However the fund was rejected by 1.449 sex workers in Dolly and there are only 395 sex workers who accept that compensation, not only compensation which was given by Surabaya mayor, but also she gives courses to the workers so that they can get normal life without working as sex workers like in Dolly.

There are two newspapers which published the headline with same topics but in different titles. These newspapers are The Jakarta post (“Surabaya bids farewell to Dolly”) and Tempo (“Goodbye Dolly”). In their articles there are differences in writing the headline. For example in Tempo newspaper wrote about the impact to many sex workers if this place was closed. They will return to the streets to continue their work as when they live in Dolly. When it happens, it will be more difficult to stop spread of dangerous diseases such as HIV/AIDS. On the other hand The Jakarta Post newspaper only discussed about the closure of this place without mentioning the impact of the workers. The way these newspapers presented the headlines relates to the ideology of the respective newspaper. Based on the phenomenon above the researcher would like to investigate the ideology in both newspapers using CDA approach.

RESEARCH METHOD

Data and Subject

The unit of this study are the articles of The Jakarta post and also Tempo online newspapers, the title is “Surabaya bids farewell to Dolly” and “Goodbye Dolly”.

Unit of Analysis

The unit of data analysis is the sentences in the articles of The Jakarta post and also Tempo online newspaper, the title is “Surabaya bids farewell to Dolly” and “Goodbye Dolly”. Both of this newspapers had similar topic about Dolly closure by the government, it analyzed by the researcher to know about the ideologies of both newspapers.

Technique of data analysis

The researcher analyzed the data through the following steps:

1. Reading the newspapers

The researcher read and re – read the newspaper to understand about the content and got the main idea of social problem that happen in the text.

2. Analyzing the data

The researcher analyzed the text using Huckin’s CDA theory. There are analyzing at the whole text level including Genre, Framing, Foregrounding / backgrounding, Presupposition, Discursive Differences. Analyzing text at the sentence and word level including Topicalization, Connotation, Insinuation, Agency, Deletion / Omission, Register, Modality. Analyzing the ideology of both of the texts. In this way, the researcher analyzed two newspapers to and then the ideology of both newspapers. The last technique is drawing conclusions. After the researcher analyzed the data, she made conclusions based on the analysis.

FINDING AND DISCUSSION

Findings.

The researcher analyzed two online newspapers which have the same topic, but they have different title. From that analysis there are differences in writing the article. It is found that both newspapers agree on Dolly closure.

The Jakarta Post newspaper used explanation paragraph which enclosed the sources to strengthen the reporting and also this newspaper gave the timeline to make the readers know the closure process began from planning until the closure.

Tempo newspaper used cause and effect paragraph. This newspaper had reason why the government closed this place. It is to make it balance in the reporting, so that this newspaper cannot be called impartial. Furthermore in this newspaper wrote about the government person who disagreed with Dolly closure. The Jakarta Post Newspaper gave complete information about the location and the address of Dolly and it used picture to explain the reporting but in Tempo Newspaper was not. The Jakarta Post newspaper enclosed the sources which gave comment and opinion about Dolly closure but in Tempo Newspaper did not. There are differences in the topicalization. The Jakarta Post newspaper was dominated by the person as the topic sentence but in Tempo Newspaper was dominated by complement as the topic sentence. The reason is in The Jakarta Post Newspaper there are many government people in this reporting who support the Dolly closure.

The Jakarta post newspaper only wrote and discussed about the closure of this place without mentioning the impact of the workers. However Tempo newspaper wrote about the impact to many girls if this place was closed. They will return to the streets to continue their work as when they live in Dolly. When it happens after that place is closed, it will be more difficult to stop the spread of dangerous diseases such as HIV/AIDS.

Discussion

In the discussion, the researcher analyzed the data using Huckin's theory to find ideology differences of the two newspapers. It included textual analysis, analyzing text at the sentence and word level and then analyzing the ideology of both of the texts. To make sure about the analysis, the researcher also enclosed the excerpt from both newspapers.

The Jakarta Post Newspaper (Surabaya bids farewell to Dolly)

The first, the researcher analyzed the data based on the textual analysis including genre, framing, foregrounding / backgrounding, presupposition, discursive different. Second, the researcher analyzed the data based on the sentence and word level including topicalization, connotation, insinuation, agency, deletion / omission, register and modality. Finally the researcher found the ideology of The Jakarta Post newspaper.

Textual Analysis

1. Genre

The genre of this data is news item because it is about headline which is published on the newspaper. The goal is to inform the readers about the closure of the biggest prostitution place in Southeast Asia by Surabaya government Tri Rismaharini.

The brief elaboration of the genre in this article is as follows:

a. Headline

The headline news in this article is ***Surabaya bids farewell to Dolly*** was written by Indra Hasrapurta.

b. Social Function

The Social function of this news item is to tell the readers about Dolly closure as the biggest prostitution place in Southeast Asia by the government. It can be seen by the following excerpt:

Excerpt 1

*Scenes of scantily clad women sitting on long sofas behind glass windows in the brothels of Dolly red-light district look set to be a thing of a past, as **the Surabaya administration officially closed the area on Wednesday.** (Line 1-4)*

c. Newsworthy event

Newsworthy event is a paragraph which introduce about the background of news item. In The Jakarta Post newspaper, the newsworthy event can be seen below:

Excerpt 2

Scenes of scantily clad women sitting on long sofas behind glass windows in the brothels of Dolly red-light district look set to be a thing of a past, as the Surabaya administration officially closed the area on Wednesday. (Line 1-4)

The excerpt above tells about the Surabaya administration which has closed Dolly, and then there are many workers who prepared to leave this place. The meaning of “set to be thing of a past” here is, the women as the sex workers must leave this place and they cannot work at this place again. That is why the journalist writes “to be thing of a past” because the government closed this place forever and did not want prostitution practice to happen in Surabaya.

d. Background of Event

Background of event tells about the rule of a story. It consists of what is the event, where the event happens, when the even happen, who are the participants inside the headline, why the even happen and how the participants handle the event. The case of the study can be seen above.

The excerpt below shows about background of event in The Jakarta Post newspaper about the location of Dolly:

Excerpt 3

*“We will not act harshly in closing Dolly. The closure of Dolly will not involve blocking access to **Jl. Jarak** and will not block smaller streets inside Dolly,” said Hendro. (Line 52-54)*

Excerpt 4

June 2011

***Surabaya** administration imposes restricted operational hours on the red-light complex, from 24 hours to 16 hours a day. (Line 62-64)*

That excerpt contains the information about the location of Dolly. It is East java on the Surabaya city Jarak street.

This following excerpt explains about when that prostitution place was closed by the government:

Excerpt 5

“Dolly is closed today not because we’re afraid of the mayor’s decision, but residents are focused on securing the area and preventing security personnel, as

well as members of the FPI [Islam Defenders Front] who threatened to conduct sweeps, from entering,"Buchori, who also operates a brothel and food stall in Dolly, told The Jakarta Post on Wednesday. (Line 24-29)

Excerpt 6

June 18, 2014

Surabaya administration officially closes down Dolly. (Line 86-87)

Except 6, the word "today" refers to June 18 2014 where the government closed this prostitution place and then the journalist of The Jakarta Post Newspaper also published his reporting.

This following excerpt shows the participants who got involved in the Dolly case:

Excerpt 7

*Witnessed by **Surabaya Mayor Tri Rismaharini, East Java Governor Soekarwo and Social Affairs Minister Salim Segaf Al Jufri**, 100 residents of Dolly in the Putat Jaya area read the declaration of closure of an area once dubbed Southeast Asia's largest red-light district. (Line 5-8).*

The main participant is Tri Rismaharini who becomes Surabaya Mayor. She was the person who had the thought about the Dolly closure. The second person is Soekarwo who became East Java governor. He supported the act of the mayor to close Dolly because he also wanted his area to become clean and safe from prostitution activity. Social Affairs Minister Salim Segaf Al Jufri is the person who will give the compensation if Dolly was closed. He will give money to the residents so that they can have other better jobs. The other participants are sex workers who become the residents of Dolly.

The next excerpt tells about the reason why Dolly was closed by the government and the act of the government after Dolly was closed:

Excerpt 8

*The declaration stated **the residents wanted Dolly to become clean, safe and free from prostitution**. The residents also wanted to build their area into an economic center based on their religion and regulations. (Line 9-11)*

The last excerpt of background of event is about how the government and the officers closed this place and the act to overcome the people who rejected the decisions:

Excerpt 9

Nov 2010

Surabaya administration installs CCTV cameras at Dolly to deter new sex workers. (Line 59-61)

This excerpt was on the timeline of The Jakarta Post newspaper. The government installs CCTV in Dolly location. It is to anticipate if there are new sex workers join on Dolly. The government did this before closure because they did not want to Dolly to flourish before closed.

Excerpt 10

June 2011

Surabaya administration imposes restricted operational hours on the red-light complex, from 24 hours to 16 hours a day. (Line 62-64)

In this excerpt, the journalist told about the action of the government before Dolly closure. The government limited the operating hours in Dolly activity, so that the member of the visitors can decrease.

Excerpt 11

*"In facing protesters, **we try not to use arms**. We will try a persuasive approach. We have a lot of experience in closing such establishments. If we keep guard of the place, slowly the protesters will disperse," Sutarman continued. (Line 45-48)*

Sutarman was the person who leads the closure. He said that he has a lot of experiences in closing such establishment. In this closure, the officers did not use violence and while maintaining security to the people who rejected it.

Excerpt 12

To overcome the impact of the closure, the Social Affairs Ministry has allocated Rp 8 billion (US\$676,859) to be disbursed to sex workers and pimps, with each individual receiving Rp 5 million. (Line 19-21)

This excerpt tells about the act of the government after Dolly was closed. They will give money as a compensation are to the workers with the expectation if they will search better job and out from prostitution world.

e. Source

Source is Comments by participants or authorities on the subject. The sources of The Jakarta Post newspaper can be seen below:

Excerpt 13

"Dolly is closed today not because we're afraid of the mayor's decision, but residents are focused on securing the area and preventing security personnel, as well as members of the FPI [Islam Defenders Front] who threatened to conduct sweeps, from entering," Buchori, who also operates a brothel and food stall in Dolly, told The Jakarta Post on Wednesday. (Line 24-29)

In that excerpt, it was Buchori who gave the statement. He said that the residents focused on securing the area. They were not afraid with the mayor's decision but there were FPI members who threatened to conduct discipline. Based on that statement it can be seen that it was forcible intervention from FPI, so that the residents want to obey the decision. He said that the residents are keeping guard. Meaning that all the people who was leaf in Dolly did not want to clashes with the apparatus.

Excerpt 14

Buchori said residents were willing to die to prevent the closure of Dolly, as they were deeply dependent on it for their livelihoods. (Line 33-34)

It is still Buchori's statement. The meaning of that utterance is there were many residents who disagree with Dolly closure, because if that place was closed, they did not know what jobs they will get in the next day. They only can earn money in this prostitution place, not the others.

Excerpt 15

"We must support whatever decision the regional administration has made," he said in Jakarta. (Line 43-44)

The person who gives that statement is Sutarman. He said that every people should support whatever decision the regional administration makes. Based on his statement, it can be seen that he is pro with the government's decision, so that he can be the person who is close the government.

Excerpt 16

*Separately, **Surabaya municipal secretary Hendro Gunawan** said despite the closure, the municipality would not come down hard on closing the red-light district. (Line 49-51)*

Hendro Gunawan as Surabaya municipal secretary also asserted that there is no violence in Dolly closure. According to that statement, Dolly will be peacefully closed.

Excerpt 17

*"**We will not act harshly in closing Dolly.** The closure of Dolly will not involve blocking access to Jl. Jarak and will not block smaller streets inside Dolly," said Hendro. (Line 52-54)*

In Hendro's statement, the government will not act harshly. It means that the apparatus do not roughshod to the residents who were doing demo in rejecting Dolly closure.

Excerpt 18

He added that Surabaya municipality would persuade the occupants and sex workers to change their professions in the long run, until Dolly was completely closed. (Line 55-57)

It is still Hendro's statement. He said that Surabaya municipality would persuade the occupants and sex workers to change their professions in the long run. The word "persuade" here means that if the government wants to the girls not become sex workers outside Dolly.

- f. Linguistic features in The Jakarta Post newspaper with title "Surabaya bids farewell to Dolly" include Verbs of action, Verbs of thinking and feeling to give an insight into the participant's reaction to events, Verbs of saying to quote or report what participants and authorities say, Focus on circumstances of time and place, Focus on specific participants (frequently occurring at the beginning of sentences).

- 1) Verbs to show done by:

The verbs of action which are found in The Jakarta Post newspaper is verb of action. Verb of action is a verb where the participant as an action or activity which can be seen by the other. The example of action verb in The Jakarta Post newspaper can be seen below:

Excerpt 19

*Scenes of scantily clad women **sitting** on long sofas behind glass windows in the brothels of Dolly red-light district look set to be a thing of a past (Line 1-3)*

In the excerpt above, the verb of action is “sitting”. It is to tell the readers about the condition of Dolly when that place will be closed by the government. There were many women who prepared to out from Dolly and wait for the decision by sitting on long sofas.

Excerpt 20

*.....the Surabaya administration officially **closed** the area on Wednesday. (Line 3-4)*

In the excerpt above, the verb of action is “closed”. The journalist used this verb to explain the action done by Surabaya administration.

Excerpt 21

*They almost **clashed** with hundreds of police officers who tried to open the blockades, but calmed down as the police backed off. (Line 36-38)*

In the excerpt above, the researcher used verb of action “clashed”. By using this verb, the journalist wanted to explain about the protesters who fought with the officers when Dolly was closed.

In The Jakarta Post newspaper there are many verbs of action to tell the reporting. This newspaper explains completely from planning until Dolly closure. The reasons why The Jakarta Post newspaper used many verbs of action because there was a party who agree with the government in Dolly closure like FPI. This organization conducted sweeping to discipline this place. This newspaper also told about the process of Dolly closure. There were many officers involved in this closure. This closure was by National chief Gen. Sutarmam which had a lot of experiences in facing the protesters. The closure of Dolly was implemented without violence, so that the protesters can obey the government’s decision. To make the readers understand about Dolly case. The journalist gave timeline which explain about the planning until the closure.

2) The use of verbal verbs:

The example of verbal verbs in The Jakarta Post newspaper can be seen below:

Excerpt 22

*“Residents are keeping guard in turns. In every corner of the area, an alarm will be triggered to assemble other residents armed with sharp weapons and clubs,”
he **said.** (Line 30-32)*

Excerpt 23

"In facing protesters, we try not to use arms. We will try a persuasive approach. We have a lot of experience in closing such establishments. If we keep guard of the place, slowly the protesters will disperse," Sutarman continued. (Line 45-48)

The Jakarta Post newspaper used 7 verbal verbs. The function of verbal verb is to make the reporting sound valid because it contains the sources who gave comment. The saying verbs were mostly dominated by the government people. The journalist interviewed with the government people. This reporting was dominated with the government people's statement but there was only one person who had stall in Dolly who gave the statement. It is to make the reporting balance because the journalist exposed not only the government but also the residents of Dolly.

c.) Focus on circumstance:

Circumstance can be time and place which were mentioned in the news. Such as research found circumstance of time such as *on Wednesday, today* and circumstance of place *Dolly red-light district, Dukuh Kupang, Jakarta, Jl. Jarak*.

The journalist used circumstance for explain circumstance of time and place. The goal is to tell the reader about the address of Dolly read district and to tell the reader when Dolly was closed completely. The journalist also used timeline at newspaper end of the news, so the readers can understand the process of the closure.

d.) Focus on specific participants:

The participants in The Jakarta Post newspaper article are the following:

1. Surabaya Mayor Tri Rismaharini, who had planned and
2. East Java Governor Soekarwo

In this specific participant, there are Surabaya mayor named Tri Rismaharini who had planning and also the person who closed the prostitution place named Dolly in Surabaya. Another participant is East Java Governor Soekarwo. He is the person who supports the mayor's decision because it is a positive way to make their city free from prostitution practice.

Analyzing Text at The Sentence and Word Level

1. Topicalization

The Jakarta Post newspaper topicalization can be seen below:

Excerpt 31

*Scenes of scantily clad **women** sitting on long sofas behind glass windows in the brothels of Dolly red-light district look set to be a thing of a past . . . (Line 1-4)*

In the first sentence The Jakarta Post used person topic sentence. The topic sentence is "women". Women here are the workers as the people who got impact of Dolly closure.

Excerpt 32

Witnessed by Surabaya Mayor Tri Rismaharini, East Java Governor Soekarwo and Social Affairs Minister Salim Segaf Al Jufri, 100 residents of Dolly in the Putat Jaya area read the declaration of closure of an area once dubbed Southeast Asia's largest red-light district. (Line 5-8)

The next topic sentence is Surabaya Mayor Tri Rismaharini, East Java Governor Soekarwo and Social Affairs Minister Salim Segaf Al Jufri, 100 residents of Dolly. There were the people who had planning and support in Dolly closure.

Excerpt 33

The residents also wanted to build their area into an economic center based on their religion and regulations. (Line 10-11)

In excerpt 33, the topic sentence is the residents. The residents are the people who support the government in Dolly closure.

There are person topic sentences and non person topic sentences which tell the information which reported in this article. The Jakarta Post newspaper was dominated with person topic sentence. This article mostly used person topic sentences in the reporting because the journalist wanted to make the readers believe about the headline so that the journalist enclosed the comment of the people who got involved in this event. There was the government people and the resident which gave their opinions and told about the process of Dolly closure by the officers. This article also enclosed the person named Buchori who disagreed with Dolly closure. It is to shows that this article is neutral because load two parties which agree and disagree.

Tempo Newspaper (Goodbye Dolly)

Textual Analysis

1. Genre

Genre of Tempo newspaper's article is the same with The Jakarta Post Newspaper. It is news item. The goal is to inform the readers about the closure of prostitution place in Surabaya by the mayor.

The brief elaboration of the genre in this article is as follows:

a. Headline

The article from Tempo Newspaper is "Goodbye Dolly" written by Sigit Pamungkas.

b. Social function

Social function of this article is the same with The Jakarta Post newspaper article. It is to inform the readers that there was the closure of prostitution place named Dolly in Surabaya by the Mayor Tri Rismaharini. It can be seen by the following excerpt:

Excerpt 43

The plan by Surabaya Mayor Tri Rismaharini to close down the red light district known as Dolly deserves support. Located in the center of a densely populated area, Dolly is a link in the chain that allows prostitution in Surabaya

to thrive. There are too many negative social consequences to the sex industry. Many girls in Dolly grow up with the idea that working as a prostitute is a good job, while others are forced into the trade. At present, there are 54 brothels employing 1,000 girls. (Line 1-6)

c. Newsworthy event

Newsworthy event is a paragraph which is introduced the background of news item. In Tempo newspaper, the newsworthy event can be seen below:

Excerpt 44

The plan by Surabaya Mayor Tri Rismaharini to close down the red light district known as Dolly deserves support. Located in the center of a densely populated area, Dolly is a link in the chain that allows prostitution in Surabaya to thrive. There are too many negative social consequences to the sex industry. Many girls in Dolly grow up with the idea that working as a prostitute is a good job, while others are forced into the trade. At present, there are 54 brothels employing 1,000 girls. (Line 1-6)

The excerpt above tells the closure of Dolly by the mayor Tri Rismaharini. The journalist just mentioning the location of Dolly but it is not the complete address. In his reporting, the journalist said about the negative social consequences to the sex industry.

d. Background of event

The excerpt below shows the background of event in Tempo newspaper:

This excerpt explains the plan of Surabaya mayor to close the prostitution place in Surabaya named Dolly. The journalist tells about women which have a good work as sex workers in that place. The person who has planning is Tri Rismaharini as Surabaya Mayor.

Excerpt 45

***Under Risma's plan, Dolly will be turned into a center for people's economic activities.** Locals will not lose their livelihoods: they will have a new and healthy economic environment. Perhaps this plan is not yet clear to the people of Dolly. Therefore Risma and her staff need to provide detailed explanations, including how long the transition period will last and what work the people will do to replace their current sources of income. (Line 14-18)*

This excerpt not only the regulation about the building functions which makes the government close Dolly, but also the government wants to make Dolly as the economic center in Surabaya and she wants to Surabaya free from the prostitution practice.

The excerpt below shows about how the government closes Dolly:

Excerpt 46

***Planned four years ago, the closure of Dolly must go on. The Rp5.4 billion budget must not be wasted.** An intensive information campaign is needed. If all the preparations are carried out properly, there is no reason for the public not to support the plan. (*) (Line 25-27)*

This excerpt explains the plan of the Surabaya mayor since 4 year ago to make Surabaya free from prostitution practice. After Dolly is completely closed, the government will give compensation money about Rp 5.4 million so that every sex worker will get Rp 3 million.

e. Linguistic features in Tempo newspaper.

1) Verbs of action to retell the story:

The verbs of action which is found in Tempo newspaper's article is on the following:

Excerpt 47

*The plan by Surabaya Mayor Tri Rismaharini to **close down** the red light district known as Dolly deserves support. (Line 1-2)*

Excerpt 47 tells the planning of Surabaya mayor in Dolly closure. The journalist used the word "close down" to explain about the closure.

Excerpt 48

*Many girls in Dolly **grow up** with the idea that working as a prostitute is a good job (Line 5-6)*

Excerpt 48 tells the workers in Dolly. The journalist used the word "grow up" to explain about the women who leaf in Dolly since long time ago.

Excerpt 49

*It is important to understand that Dolly is an economic region that **provides** thousands of people with a living, from sex workers to parking attendants. (Line 12-13)*

Excerpt 49 explains that Dolly is the economic region for the women to earn money.

The journalist used verbs of action to tell about the women who are live in Dolly since long time ago. They grow up to become sex workers. However the journalist did not explain about the process of the closure itself. He did not tell about how the protesters rejected the government decision. He only told about the reason why the government closed this prostitution place and also gave his own assumption after Dolly completely closed.

2) Verbal Verb

There are no verbal verbs in Tempo's article because there are no sources enclosed in this article. It can be the journalist do interview with the people who got involved in this case but the journalist only used paragraph in writing the opinion from the sources.

3) Focus on specific participants:

The participant which in on Tempo newspaper article is the following:

1. Tri Rismaharini
2. Deputy Mayor Whisnu Sakti Buana

The specific participant is Tri Rismaharini as the mayor of Surabaya and became the person who had planning to close Dolly and make Dolly as the center of economy in Surabaya. However there was Whisnu Sakti Buana as deputy mayor, the person from the government who contra with the government decision.

Analyzing Text at the Sentence and Word Level

1. Topicalization

Topic sentences in Tempo newspaper can be seen in the following:

Excerpt 55

***The plan** by Surabaya Mayor Tri Rismaharini to close down the red light district known as Dolly deserves support. (Line 1-2)*

The first topic sentence of Tempo newspaper told about the plan of Surabaya mayor in Dolly closure. The topic sentence is non person because the journalist wants to explain the planning Surabaya mayor in close the prostitution place.

Excerpt 56

*Located in the center of a densely populated area, **Dolly** is a link in the chain that allows prostitution in Surabaya to thrive. (Line 2-3)*

The next topic sentence is thing. It is about dolly itself which become the biggest prostitution place in Surabaya.

Excerpt 57

*There are too **many negative social consequences** to the sex industry. (Line 3-4)*

The third topic sentence is still thing. The journalist explained about the negative effect of prostitution practice.

Tempo Newspaper there is person and non person topic sentences. This newspaper mostly used things as the topic sentence. In Tempo newspaper did not use person much as the topic sentence because the journalist did not enclose the sources which can give comments or opinions in Dolly case. Person topic sentences in Tempo newspaper was dominated by the person who disagree with the government's decision named Whisnu Sakti Buana as Deputy Mayor and the protesters from the residents.

The ideologies of both of the texts

Based on the analysis above, it can be seen that the journalists have the ideologies in reporting. The writing itself concludes whether the journalist writing style. According to the ideology above, the explanation of ideologies can be seen as the following:

The Jakarta Post newspaper

In this newspaper, the journalist explains completely about the prostitution place named Dolly. He tells about when that place first in built and the address of this place. He also explains about the residents who dominate Dolly like 1,020 sex workers, 311 pimps and 52 brothels. Not only about the residents, but he also gives the reason why the government closed Dolly. It is the rule violation in using the building. The reporting become convince because the journalist gives the sources. In this reporting mostly the people who give statements about dolly case are the people who closed with the government. In their statement they look agree with the government in Dolly closure. We can see on the following excerpt:

Excerpt 66

***"We must support whatever decision the regional administration has made,"** he said in Jakarta. (Line 43-44)*

"He" refers to Sutarman who become the leader in Dolly closure. He is the officer who got assignment for close by Tri Rismaharini as the mayor of Surabaya.

In writing this headline, the journalist used topic sentences which dominated by the people. There are many verbs of action because the journalist also explained about the process of Dolly closure where there are many protesters who reject the officers. There are verbal verbs to make strength of the reporting by enclosed the sources who gave comment or explained about the act when Dolly was closed. There are 3 kinds of modality which found in this article. There are 7 *will* (70%), 1 *must* (10%) and 2 *would* (20%). The dominant verb is action verbs because in this article, the journalist explains about the process of the closure. He explains about how the officers handle the rejecters and how to close this place without anarchist. The modality which is dominant in this article is "*will*" because the journalist also explains about the planning of the government after this place was closed.

According to the ideology above, the researcher can take a conclusion if the journalist of The Jakarta Post Newspaper agreed if Dolly was closed by the government. The reason in this article is mostly dominated by the people from the government like National Police chief Gen. Sutarman, Surabaya municipal secretary Hendro Gunawan and the Social Affairs Ministry who give comment or statement about this case.

Tempo Newspaper

In this article, the journalist also gives explanation about Dolly. There are 54 brothels employing 1,000 girls but this article does not mention the address of the place. This newspaper does not give the sources which can convince the readers who read this headline. There are 6 participants which get involved in this reporting. In writing this headline, the journalist topic sentences which dominated by complement. The journalist mostly used things because there were few people which explained in this article. There are 4 kinds of modality which found in this article. There are 1 *should* (6.7%), 4 *must* (26.6%), 1 *need to* (6.7%) and 9 *will* (60%). There are no saying verbs because there is no one who gives comments in this headline, it can be the journalist did not interview with the people who got involved in Dolly case but the journalist reported it into paragraph in his writing. In this article there are few action verbs because the journalist does not explain about the process when this place was

closed. He did not tell how the officers handle the protesters. The dominant modality is “will” (60%). It is same with the Jakarta Post newspaper but in this article mostly used “will” to assume the impact if this place was closed. In can be seen from the following excerpt:

Excerpt 67

*The Surabaya administration must ensure that sex workers are able to change profession. Short training courses and Rp3 million of working capital **will mean little if the government does not provide the people with opportunities and living spaces**. Without these, the mostly poor and under-educated women **will probably return to the streets**. If that happens, the government **willface more serious problems because the sex trade will be uncontrolled, making it more difficult to stop the spread of dangerous diseases such as HIV/AIDS**. (Line 19-24)*

In this article, the journalist wrote about the person from the government which is contra with the mayor. He is the deputy mayor Whisnu Sakti Buana. It can be seen by the following excerpt:

Excerpt 68

*Therefore, **it would be wrong for Deputy Mayor Whisnu Sakti Buana to oppose this plan**. If there is something wrong, or not quite right, Whisnu should discuss it with Risma. Whisnu must realize that the mayor's plan does have positive arguments. Bylaw No. 7/1999 clearly bans buildings in Surabaya to be used for immoral purposes. (Line 7-10)*

According to the analysis above, it can be said that the journalist of Tempo Newspaper also agrees with the government in Dolly closure. However in this newspaper, the journalist is balance in give the information statement or comment of Dolly case. Based on the excerpt above, the journalist did not agree with the deputy mayor Whisnu Sakti Buana in rejecting the decision; so that Tempo newspaper can be called agree with the closure and then this newspaper cares about the workers by giving the assumption about the impact if this place was closed. Poor and under-educated women will probably return to the streets to do same job as sex worker.

CONCLUSION

Based on the analysis on Dolly case written by two newspapers, the researcher can conclude the following:

There is ideology alignment in viewing Dolly closure between The Jakarta Post and Tempo newspaper. The researcher can take conclusion that those newspapers agree if Dolly was closed but there are differences inside. It can be seen from the sources like the mayor and the officers who doing the closure. The Jakarta Post newspaper dominated and enclosed mostly the opinion from the government people, so that the contents of the opinions supported the mayor to close Dolly. This newspaper used insinuation which appealed to the society to gives support to the government in closing the prostitution place. It is also reinforced by the topic sentences which are dominated by the people. This newspaper mostly used verbs of action, since there are many verbs of action. The reason is because the journalist

also explained about the process of the closure of Dolly by the officers and how the residents rejected it by demonstrating the government.

On the other hand, Tempo newspaper also agreed with the government in Dolly closure. However, there are no sources who give argument or opinion to convince the readers. In topic sentence this newspaper was dominated by things (non person). This newspaper did not use many verbs of action because this newspaper did not explain about the process how Dolly was closed or the officers would act when Dolly was closed and how the protesters rejected the government's decision. The source in this newspaper was not dominated by the government people but the journalist disagreed with deputy mayor named Whisnu Sakti Buana who rejected with the mayor's decision. The journalist also gave his assumption about the impact of Dolly closure. He said that if Dolly was closed completely, the workers would go back to their job as sex workers on the streets. This assumption can describe that the journalist is pro with the workers and he wants the workers to still get their place to do their job.

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