Presupposition in The Business Letters at Grand Candi Hotel

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ABSTRAK

This study is a research about presupposition in the business letter at Grand Candi Hotel. The finding of classifying based on the types of presupposition in the first letter found 11 frequency presupposition and the second letter found 8 frequency presupposition.

From the first letter at Grand Candi Hotel, the researcher found that the dominant type of presupposition are existential and the second one is counter factual. Which consist of 6 presupposition for existential and 2 presupposition for counter factual. While, there is 1 presupposition classified into lexical, one sentence presupposition is structural. Next, one presupposition for factive. In first letter there is non factive presupposition. While, in the second letter the researcher found that the dominant type of presupposition are existential and the second one is factive. Which consist of 4 presupposition for existential and 2 presupposition for factive. While, there are 1 presupposition classified into lexical and 1 presupposition as non factive. In letter second there is counter factual presupposition and structural presupposition.

From two letters, even the kind of letters are different. The result shows that the letter used existential, and counter factual. Because both are considered as the appropriate type for this letter. Existential presupposition shows that the products exists, factive presupposition is an assumption that information stated after certain words, those words are also called as factive verbs. Counter factual is one that what is presuppossed is not only non true, but is the opposite of what is true or contrary facts. Counter factual presupposition that the information in the if clause is not true at the time of utterance.

Keywords: language, letter, pragmatic, presupposition.

Kata Kunci : language, letter, pragmatic, presupposition,
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